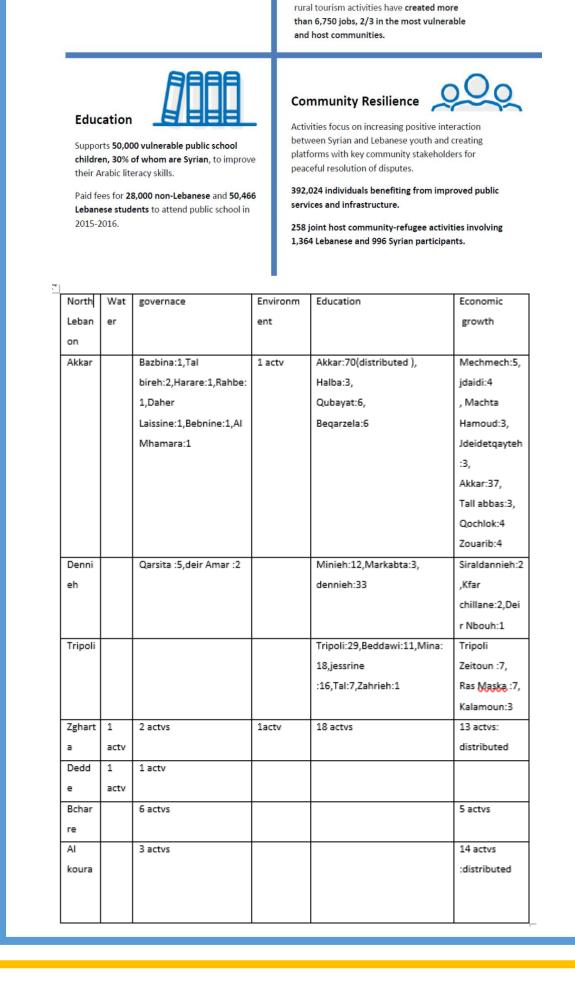




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Activities of foreign institutions in North





More than 6.000 low income families in hos

assistance in the production and marketing of

agricultural products as well as handicrafts. In

the past three years, USAID's agricultural and

communities benefit from technical

Improved access to potable water supply for

more than 120,000 Syrian refugees and

around 300,000 Lebanese people in host

The European Union provides significant financial aid and technical assistance to Lebanon Since 2011, the European Commission has allocated over **EUR 1.5 billion**, including aid to respond to the consequences of Syrian crisis in Lebanon.

The SSF 2017-2020 provides for 3 priority sectors of cooperation: 1) promoting growth and job creation; 2) Fostering local governance and socio-economic development; 3) promoting rule of law, enhancing security and counter terrorism. EU-Lebanon cooperation includes specific support for capacity development and institution building as well as measures in favour of civil society. The indicative allocation for EU-Lebanon cooperation for 2017-2121 ranges from €

Support to Municipal Finance Programme

Editorial Sections:

Lebanon

Regions:

Budget € 20 000 000

Financing instrument ENPI

Date of project 2012-2017

Implementing partner

Ministry of Interior, Council for Development and Reconstruction (CDR), Economic and social Fund for Development (EFSD)

Beneficiaries

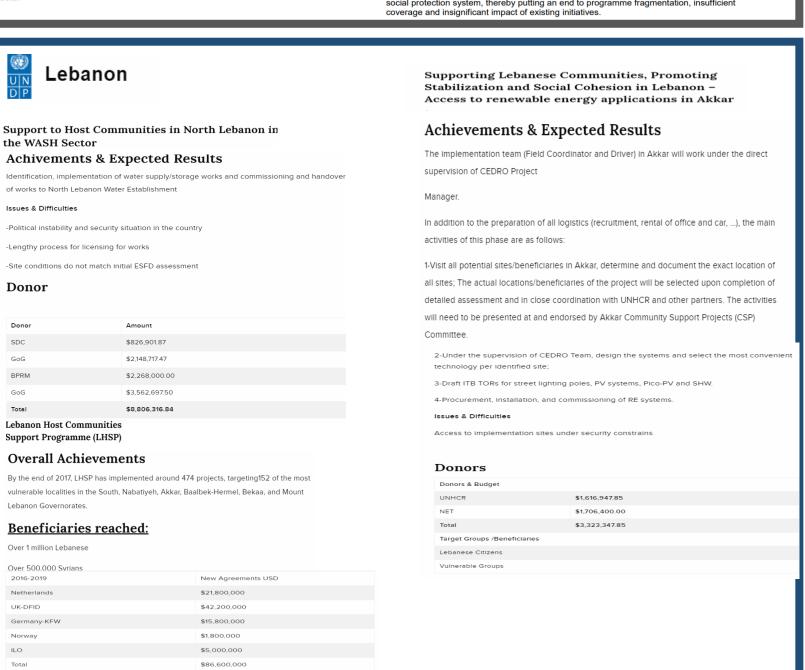
Municipalities and Union of municipalities in the North and in Bekaa

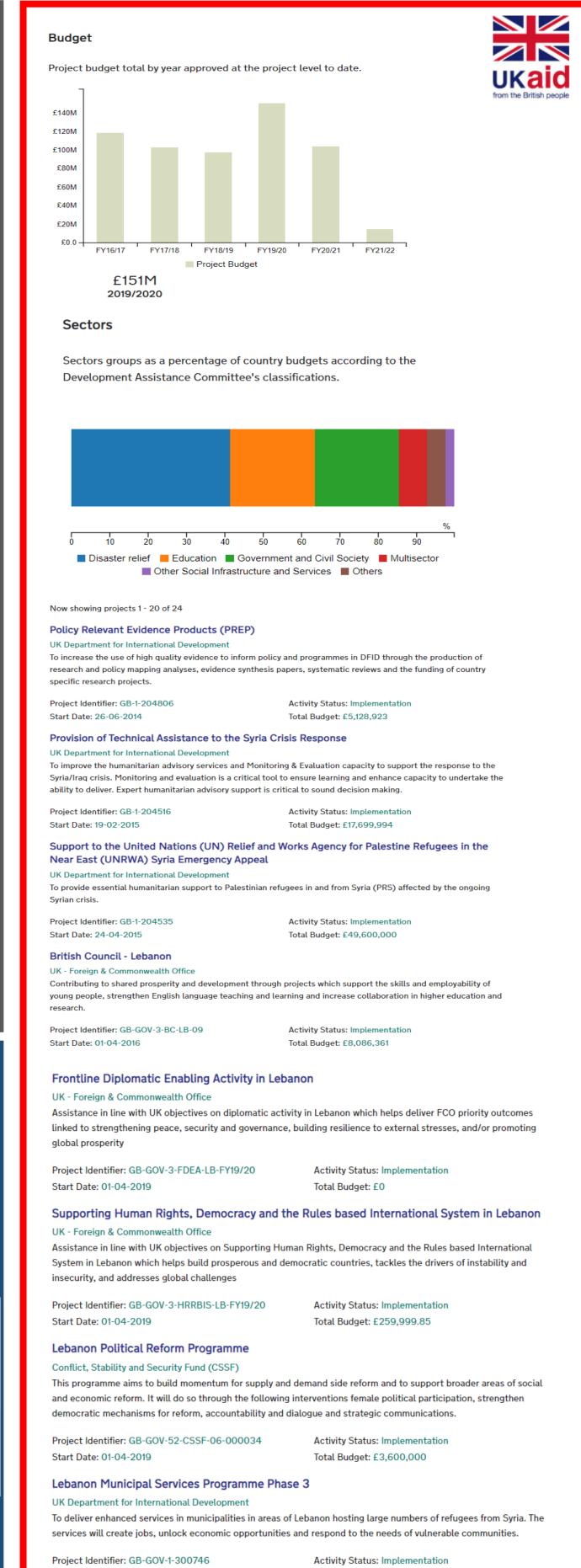
Show left menu: **Project Category:** Multisector Latitude: 33.898550 Longitude: 35.522600 Country:

www.eeas.europa.eu Source URL: http://eueuropaeeas.fpfis.slb.ec.europa.eu:8084/delegations/lebanon/7902/support-municipal-financeprogramme en

assistance since 2011 to support Lebanon cope with the impact of the crisis, while also greatly benefiting the local economy. The 2018 Vulnerability Assessment of Syrian Refugees (VASyR) found that the response has had a measurable impact: 69 per cent of Syrian refugees now live under the poverty line, compared to 76 per cent in 2017. The percentage of households under the Survival Minimum Expenditure Basket (the minimum amount required to maintain existence and cover lifesaving needs) has significantly decreased, from 76 per cent in 2017 to 51 in 2018. The percentage of food-insecure refugees has declined from 38 per cent in 2017 to 33 in 2018. Birth registrations have gone up from 17 to 21 per cent, which may be explained by the new policies put in place to ease the process for Syrian refugees. It is estimated that one in four Lebanese households also live in poverty and remain largely uncovered by national social protection programmes. primary health centres and dispensaries. By end 2018, 240 outreach teams had been deployed o conduct research and outreach, 4,080 frontline workers and ten supervisors trained on how Despite a considerable funding gap, UNICEF managed to maintain its strategic support to the to engage parents in utilizing the tools and nudge the communities to vaccinate their children. nistry of Public Health, continuing to strengthen the national health system and increase rvice provision to the most vulnerable children. To support the Ministry of Public Health's The intervention will be scaled up to other programmatic areas if the model's evaluation prove apacity-building efforts to bolster stronger governance and monitoring, UNICEF financed 54 ninistry positions at district and central levels (information managers, nurses, programme Severe acute malnutrition remained marginal in Lebanon, but moderate levels of undernutritio ning sessions for expanded programme on immunisation (EPI) managers were also nforce the decentralization process of EPI management continued to be seen, requiring further efforts to optimise infant and young child feeding practices. In 2018, 161,071 children aged between 6-59 months were screened, and 385 ation of an electronic platform for the EPI registry, UNICEF supported subsequently admitted for treatment. Additionally, 10,360 were identified as stunted, and everal interventions to generate up-to-date evidence to guide child-focused policies. UNICEF 30,100 children and 10,644 pregnant and lactating women received micronutrients. Through evitalised the baby-friendly hospitals initiative in 12 public hospitals and UNHCR structures; mplemented an adolescent mental health project as a contribution to the revision of existing UNICEF's infant and young child feeding (IYCF) programme, an additional 20,628 pregnan and lactating women received advice by community health educators and then referred to urriculum and guidelines; developed policy briefs to guide a strategy on early detection of developmental delays and disabilities; undertook waste management initiatives in immunizatio commodities; and completed an external evaluation of the EPI programme and the monitoring of the accelerated immunization activities. Advocacy with the Ministry of Public Health also UNICEF also continu UNICEF also continued to support primary health centres through the procurement of US\$2 Of the accelerated infinitization activities. Advocacy with the winding policy – developed with million in supplies for consultations with mothers and children, as well as for use during UNICEF's technical assistance - and to the issuance of a decree that made vaccination free for 158,686 reproductive health consultations (including antenatal and postnatal care) and 259,946 expand the services in its primary health care centres. These cover the 12 Palestinian camps in Throughout the year, UNICEF procured US\$1.36 million worth of vaccines for routine and supplementary immunization at the Ministry's vaccination points, UNRWA clinics and UNHCR:

department of the services in its primary health care centres. These cover the 12 Palestinian camps in the services in its primary health care centres. These cover the 12 Palestinian camps in the services in its primary health care centres. These cover the 12 Palestinian camps in the services in its primary health care centres. These cover the 12 Palestinian camps in the services in its primary health care centres. These cover the 12 Palestinian camps in the services in its primary health care centres. These cover the 12 Palestinian camps in the services in its primary health care centres. These cover the 12 Palestinian camps in the services in its primary health care centres. These cover the 12 Palestinian camps in the services in its primary health care centres. These cover the 12 Palestinian camps in the services in its primary health care centres. These cover the 12 Palestinian camps in the services in its primary health care centres. These cover the 12 Palestinian camps in the services in its primary health care centres. These cover the 12 Palestinian camps in the services in its primary health care centres. These cover the 12 Palestinian camps in the services in its primary health care centres. The services in its primary health care centres in its primary health care centres. The services in its primary health care centres in its primary health care border and reception centres in which UNICEF recruited 27 vaccinators. UNICEF's role was essential in the design and implementation of a strategy for accelerated immunization activities and nutrition surveillance and development screening. During the year, around 13,000 children which includes tailored outreach, screening and referral, in those cadastres where and pregnant and lactating women benefitted from this service package at UNRWA's facilities. mmunization rates are the lowest. The first phase of the strategy saw 260,339 childrer reached, out of whom 163,280 were identified as defaulters and 70,078 were vaccinated. The second phase, which followed the reporting of the first measles cases, resulted in outreach to Innovative and integrated communication approaches were used as a multiplier effect to 350,026 children, of whom 276,304 were identified as defaulters and 139,385 were eventually and strengthen demand for health services. The implementation of accelerated immunization vaccinated. The approach proved efficient in bringing back children to the immunization system, and the targeting of low cadastres adapted to the disparities across Lebanon. Due to the collaborative efforts, there were no confirmed cases reported in Lebanon despite activities represented an opportunity to reach large numbers of actors. Around 500,000 caregivers were reached out to with tailored messaging on immunization, more than 1,000 ontamination risks from the 2017 polio outbreak in Syria, and the measles attack rate ommunity and health workers with training sessions on vaccination screening and referrals of sed from 3.9/100,000 in May (the peak of the outbreak) to 0.1/100,000 in December defaulters. UNICEF designed and integrated awareness messages on immunization and IYCF into the accelerated immunization activities regular messaging. Mass media campaigns and o improve immunization coverage, UNICEF piloted "Behavioural Insights" (known as BI) in global/national events were also used by UNICEF to convey important messages. In February, Lebanon, through a new partnership with Nudge Lebanon. Behavioural Insights applies psychological insights to human behaviour to steer communities – "nudge them" – towards making better decisions, but without limiting their freedom of choice. Behavioural Insights was UNICEF supported the Ministry of Public Health to organize a breastfeeding campaign during which around 675,250 people were engaged through social media. Messaging in conjunction biloted to improve the effectiveness of outreach activities, as well as immunizations services a 500 localities across the country. The need for nutrition surveillance also prompted regular communication, with more than 275,000 caregivers targeted with integrated health messages around immunization and IYCF, in collaboration with youth volunteers, mother support groups Goal area 2: Every child learns Goal area 3: Every child is protected from violence and exploitation The Syria crisis has had far-reaching consequences on children's right to quality education in Lebanon. Poor Lebanese and refugee children face multiple, compounded deprivations that UNICEF Lebanon continued direct support to protection services while shifting towards longhave adverse effects on their right to access quality education and employment. Children who term investments in system strengthening and programme integration. The partnership with key are working, married, stateless, or with disabilities are additionally less likely to be in schools ministries was strengthened, resulting in important milestones being achieved, such as the non-formal education programmes, as poverty makes the opportunity costs of committed launch of Child Protection Policies by the Ministry of Education and Ministry of Health. These engagement in a learning opportunity too high. new policies provide a foundation upon which institutional capacities and accountabilities for child protection can be built. During 2018, and through active community engagement, UNICEF and the Ministry of Education supported the enrolment of 213,358 refugee children (49 per cent girls) and 209,40 Goal area 4: Every child lives in a clean and safe environment UNICEF sustained its systematic approach with the Ministry of Energy and Water to provide an vulnerable Lebanese children (51 per cent girls) into public schools (Kindergarten to Grade 9 onlocer sustained its systematic approach with the Ministry of Energy and water to provide an enabling and healthy environment to all people in Lebanon, and to alleviate the strain on the overstretched water and sanitation infrastructure and services. In addition to assisting the Government's coordination of the emergency response, UNICEF actively supported the Ministry's communication strategy aimed at boosting consumer confidence for increased revenue collection. A pilot project in the poorest suburbs of Tripoli produced interesting results with a substantial increase in subscriptions to the Water Establishment. UNICEF's NGO partners provided homework or remedial support to more than 14,000 children (45 per cent female) at risk of dropping-out. UNICEF also supported school retention by providing all children with free learning supplies, heating more than 500 schools in winter, and providing more than 80,000 eligible children's families with cash-assistance for transportation Remedial programmes were also successful in Palestinian communities in which 3,357 childr The 200 gender focal points in the informal settlements WASH committees received with special educational needs were supported to complete their school year and improve the Goal area 5: Every child has an equitable chance in life grades. For the youth category, UNICEF supported 2,926 students enrol into the Ministry of Education's Technical, Vocational Education and Training (TVET) public schools, and 1,400 The Government of Lebanon invited UNICEF to support the Ministry of Social Affairs in the development of a National Social Protection Framework that will mainstream gender, disability and inequities that are specific to Lebanon. It will become the cornerstone of a fully-fledged students benefited from formal vocational training in the Ministry of Agriculture's TVET public social protection system, thereby putting an end to programme fragmentation, insufficient Lebanon Supporting Lebanese Communities, Promoting Stabilization and Social Cohesion in Lebanon -Access to renewable energy applications in Akkar









improve their living conditions.

AVSI Lebanon is building "Fada2i",

structured psychosocial support and

AVSI supports youth to access

job opportunities with technical

and vocational training courses,

of 500 micro, small and medium

between youth and the market.

AVSI works with young Lebanese

Assistance in Informal

and Syrian refugees to provide them

with specialized skills to work in the

agricultural sector, key for the country's

employability services and soft skills

and more than 10 community-based organizations, to strengthen linkages

classes in collaboration with a network



shelter, sanitation and protection services to help them meet their basic needs and the center in Marjayoun designed to meet the needs of the local community













Implementing the 2030 Agenda for Water Efficiency Productivity & Water Sustainability in NENA

:budget=\$50.5m

± Support to Women Cooperatives and Associations in the Agri-food Sector of Lebanon

F Scientific and Institutional Cooperation to Support responsible fisheries- EastMed ECY9

∃ Support to the Regional Collaboration Platform of Water Scarcity Initiative to increase water productivity

F Support to strengthen national capacities of Producer Organizations in the NENA Region (Lebanon, Sudan

⊞ Improved Water Resources Monitoring System/Integrated Water Resources Management at regional leve

List of Ongoing Projects and Initiatives

+ The Forest and Landscape Restoration Mechanism (FLRM)

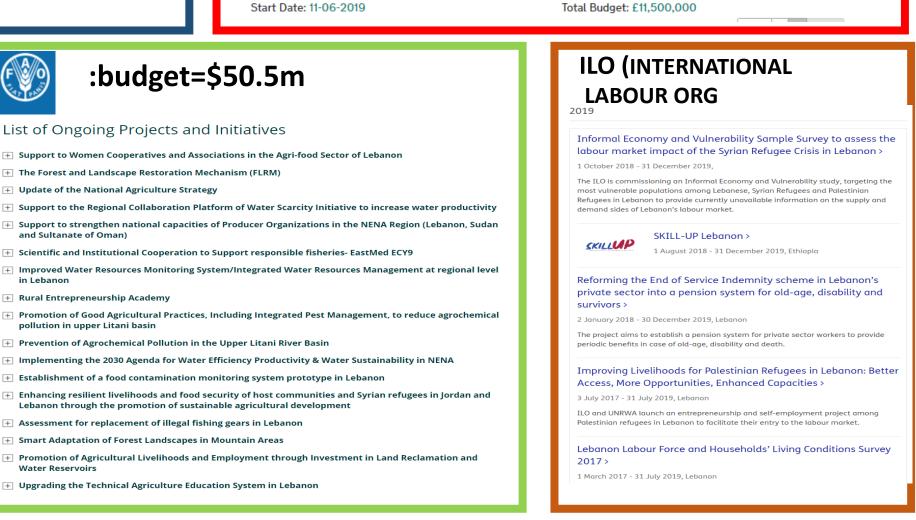
+ Prevention of Agrochemical Pollution in the Upper Litani River Basin

and Sultanate of Oman)

Start Date: 11-06-2019

الاشارة أنها تركز على دعم المجتمعات المستضيفة واللاجئين التمركزين وغير المتمركزين ضمن المخيمات من جهة وعلى

صعيد الوازارات (الداخلية والبلديات-الصحة-التربية-البيئة-الطاقة والمياه) من جهة أخرى.



Tented Settlements (ITS) and provide the population with a safe المحاور التي تهتم بها الجمعيات هي : ـ تو فير بعض الشبكات لتأمين مياه الشرب, وبعض شبكات الانارة. ـ ـ النمو الاقتصادي الشبكات التأمين مياه الشرب وبعض شبكات الانارة. ـ النمو الاقتصادي من خلال خلق فرص عمل لا سيما للموظفين والمستهدفين من المشاريع (الزراعة, الاشغال اليدوية)-التعليم:التعليم الابتدائي والثانوي والجامعي ,تدريبات لتحسين المهارات الحياتية (LIFE SKILLS,COMMUNICATION SKILLS,PROFESSIONAL SKILLS)نستخلص انها مشاريع قصيرة المدى ,ذو منفعة وقتية اذ ما تم الاستمرار في تطويرها ومتابعة نتائجها على كافة الاصعدة خصوصا انها تركز على تمكين الموارد البشرية.